

Kozlova K.O.

*Student of Law Faculty,
Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv*

Shulhin V.V.

*Retired Colonel of Justice,
Senior Instructor at Department of Military Law,
Military Institute,
Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv*

**CONSTITUTIONAL FOUNDATION OF THE INTERACTION
BETWEEN EXECUTIVE AUTHORITIES AND INSTITUTIONS
OF CIVIL SOCIETY ON THE EXAMPLE OF NON-STATE MEDIA**

Recently in Ukraine, a process of developing and adopting regulations that would have authorized organizational forms, in which civil society institutions can operate, is taking place. The number of entities and relationships with organized forces of civil society is growing; the quality of legal regulation of these relations is improving.

In general, it should be noted that processes of the relationship between civil society and the executive power in the territorial and object field are proceeding very unevenly, which is caused primarily by the unclear national doctrine of legal regulation, unresolved conceptual problems of organizational and legal support to the sector of public life.

The lag of jurisprudence in this area, terminological confusion, and simplification of methodological and substantive criteria in the characteristics of the considered legal phenomenon are observed. The amount of interaction between civil society and the executive power often narrows or unnecessarily expands.

The purpose of the article is to analyse the constitutional principles of cooperation between executive power and civil society on the example of the private media. Based on this purpose, the following tasks are set: analysis of the current legislation governing the interaction of executive authorities and civil society institutions and practice of its application on the example of the private media; identification of areas of improvement of legal regulation of relations in the field of cooperation between executive power and civil society.

Thus, the article discusses the constitutional bases of the interaction of executive authorities and non-state media as an institution of civil society. It is noted that the new quality of executive power is largely the result of an open system of relations with civil society. This fact serves as additional difficulty and a specific feature that determines the modern nature of the interaction of executive authorities and civil society.