CRIMINAL LAW AND CRIMINOLOGY; PENAL LAW

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OBJECTIVE SIDE OF THE VIOLATION OF RULES OF HANDLING WITH EXPLOSIVE, FLAMMABLE, AND CORROSIVE SUBSTANCES OR RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS

The article is devoted to the definition of an issue of the objective aspect of breaking the rules of handling with explosive, flammable, and caustic substances or radioactive materials. In the objective aspect of crime, the process of crime commitment is characterized from the perspective of the consistent development of the events and phenomena that start by criminal action (or inaction) and end with the criminal consequences.

Qualification of rules violation concerning handling with explosive, flammable, and caustic substances or radioactive materials, according to the objective aspect, provides a clarification of a number of fundamental issues relating to the characteristics of the action (or inaction), meaning of its effects, and in some cases – other optional features of the objective aspect.

In the process, actus reus crime is characterized by the consistent development of the events and phenomena that start criminal action (or inaction) and end with the onset of criminal consequences. Violation of rules of handling with explosive, flammable and caustic substances or radioactive materials can be committed either by action or by inaction.

Accordingly, the object of crimes against public security in the handling with materials that are a source of increased danger is the relationship aimed at providing just such a security, thus, creation by the act of the threat of death or other grave consequences, of course, is a consequence of these crimes.

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