

**Barabash Yu.H.**

*Candidate of Juridical Sciences, Associate Professor,  
Colonel of Militia, Senior Lecturer at Department of Civil, Economic Law and Procedure,  
International University of Business and Law*

**Barabash H.O.**

*Doctor of Juridical Sciences,  
Corresponding Member of the National Academy of Legal Sciences of Ukraine, Vice Rector,  
Head of Department of Constitutional Law of Ukraine,  
Yaroslav Mudryi National Law University*

### **SOME ISSUES OF ENSURING THE ELECTORAL RIGHTS OF CITIZENS**

One of the tasks of updating electoral law was eliminating irrelevancies that existed in the previous versions of the Law “On Elections of People’s Deputies of Ukraine,” especially those that was threatening falsification of the will of citizens, allowed almost discretionary restrict passive suffrage, led to frequent disputes in courts etc. Now we can say that a part of this problem was realized. Instead, many questions remain open. However, not all of them can be solved solely by viewing various positions of electoral law. A part of the problem lies in the uncontrolled practice of judicial review of election disputes.

The purpose of this article is to analyse the current state of constitutional and legal consolidation of guarantees of citizens’ voting rights in Ukraine, to ascertain the degree of compliance

with the best foreign models, as well as identify key ways to improve current legislation of Ukraine in terms of guaranteeing citizens’ voting rights.

Democracy campaign, as well as the legitimacy of the results, depends on many factors, one of the leading places among which occupies professional and responsible behaviour of administrative courts as institutions of protection of voting rights.

The article analyses the current state of constitutional and legal consolidation of guarantees of citizens’ voting rights in Ukraine, reveals the degree of its compliance with the best foreign models, as well as the main ways of improving the current legislation of Ukraine in terms of guaranteeing citizens’ voting rights.